APPROPRIATION BILLS.

ONLY MHASURES OF IMPORTANCE NOW BEFORE CONGRESS.

House Conferees Refuse to Grant a Million for Exterminating the Russian Thistle, Proceedings of the House.

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- The points a marked to-day's session of the Senate pressive heat, and as a result The Vice-President, however, in the chair, and Messrs. Morgan were also in their seats absence of several weeks. The here was a point in the bill which ement had been reached by the

THAT RUSSIAN TRISTLE BUSINESS.

hat was the Senate amendment approximating a million dollars for the ex-ation of the Russian thistle. The Sen-inststed formally on that amendment, assed the House for further confer-e. The House joint resolution extend-the appropriations up to and including 14th of August was passed and in the appropriations up to and including lath of August was passed, and in mection with it the status of the gentla appropriation bills was given by Cockrell, chairman of the Committee Appropriations. Eight of the thirteen gone through conference and had sent to the President. Three of the alouing five ducliding the agricultural were in conference, and two had not been reported—the sundry civil and general deficiency. Soon afterwards ald report the sundry civil and general deficiency. Soon afterwards ald report the sundry civil and that he would ask the Senate to sale it to morrow.

Already a Half Million Dollars' Worth of Property Destroyed.

hill providing for the public binding, and distribution of pub-ments was taken up. It was a on and a modification of all the laws on the subject, and was by Mr. Gorman, chairman of the e on Frinting, as a measure of at importance.

on the committee on Banking and Cur-icy to report any or all measures pend-before it providing for a revision of financial system of the Government that the House might proceed to the complishment of a demand by the pub-for relief. He wanted to know what orne of these resolutions, as he beard anything of them. Speak, understanding that Mr. Talbert on to a question of personal privi-formed him that the resolutions e still before the committees, and that

of privilege.

Mr. Talbert explained that he was making a parliamentary inquiry, but failed to make himself clearly understood, as the speaker was rapping him to order. He did make himself heard to ask whether or not it was the privilege of the committee to pigcon-hole the resolution.

The Speaker: The rules will inform the gentleman of the rights and forms of the committee.

Mr. Tabsert responded that he had read the rules, and then, in response to the demand of the Chair, that he he in order, took his seat.

his seat, eral unimportant private bills were

mmittees having been called for res, a resolution recognizing the new bible of Hawaii and directing the deem to notify President Dole of the waition, was offered by Mr. Bou-Rep. Me.) as a matter of privilege, sked its immediate consideration, but her Crisp ruled that it was not lexed, and it was referred to the mittee on Foreign Affairs Mr. Bou-explained that the resolution was a of the one introduced by Mr. Merry, chairman of the Committee on an Affairs on January 27, 1886, recognize the Republic of Brazil; and he if the chairman as the real author he resolution, that prompt action he said the House had a right spect.

orning hour was occupied by

morning hour was occupied by maideration of business reported and committee on Military Affairs, private relief bills were passed, test of the session was wasted in effort to get consideration of Mr. bill, entitled "A Bill to Problic Forests and Reservations," mittee on Rules had given this on for its consideration, the vote aken at 4 o'clock, but the opposition was quite active among the auditives of the western States, in less reservations lie, was sufficient

has Affording a Market for Many Tons of

Southern Coal. has determined to establish a naval ling station for the North Atlantic and tibean sea fleet at Key West. It has a the custom of the Navy Department many years to order vessels cruising to coal generally either at Kingston, mics. Cartagens or Colon. It has been

consider the coal generally either at Kingston, consider Cartagens or Colon. It has been demonstrated that the new move will research in great economy in the cost of fuel, but that is not the only consideration that has influenced the action of the Government. American coal will be used instant of foreign coal, which is now generally found at Kingston and Colon. A market will be afforded for many tons of Alabama, Tennessee or Virginia coal. Recent appropriations will enable the Navy Ingariment to increase the facilities for the storage of coal at Key West, and this will promptly be done.

It is the Secretary's purpose to send the Montomery to Mobile about the 1st of October next, where she will receive the testimonial now awaiting her at the hands of the ladies of Montgomery. Then she will, unless some public exigency prevents, cruise for a time in the waters of the Gulf, and miners will be invited to send to her for trial while there specimens of their coal. All Alabamians agree that the results of these trials will be to Secure for Alabama coal the market thus opened. Everything will depend, of course, upon the price at which coal can be laid down at Key West and its steaming qualities. The Montercy has been ordered to make similar trials of coal in

Puget sound, in the extreme northwestern portion of the country.

The Navy Department looks upon Key West as a point of great importance in case of war. Any foreign naval power that could maintain itself at Key West in time of war would command the Guif. As a naval station its importance to the United States cannot be overestimated.

THE HAWAIIAN ROXALISTS. Arrival of the Delegates in Chicago. Their

Mission and Expectations. CHICAGO, July 29 .- The representatives of the Hawaiian royalists arrived in Chicago this evening over the Santa Fe railroad.

Tailroad.

The party consists of H. E. Wildemann, formerly Chief Justice under the monarchy, Samuel Parker, ex-Prime Minister; J. A. Commins, and Major Seward, the latter acting as an aide to the commissioners. They arrived too late to take the evening train to Washington, and will remain in Chicago until to-morrow will remain in Chicago until to-morrow

will remain in Chicago until to-morrow afternoon.

Mr. Widemann, acting as spokesman for his colleagues, said to a reporter for the United Press that they were going to the National Capital in the interests of justice. They could not say they would be ceived as a delegation by the President, yet they hoped to gain a hearing from Mr. Cleveland or the Secretary of State.

They had no idea, however, as to the measure of success which would accompany their mission, the primary object of which is to induce the United States Government to refuse to recognize the new republic of Hawaii. The commissioners expected to receive important official dispatches from home when they arrived here, but not getting them will await their arrival at Washington.

Mr. Parker intimated that the new Hawaiian constitution was inoperative, because in some parts of the republic the Government had been unable to obtain citizens to serve as jurors. The constitution requires all jurors to take the oath of allegiance to the new republic and to abjure all help in restoring the monarchy in any form.

Property Destroyed. MINNEAPOLIS, July 30 .- Twenty acres MINNEAPOLIS, July 30.—Twenty acres of lumber piles, containing about 25,000.000 feet of lumber belonging to the Shev-lin-Carpenter Lumber Company, situated on the west bank of the river, within a quarter of a mile of the centre of the city, were totally destroyed by fire this afternoon, at a loss of fully \$200,00. In addition to this the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad round-house, immediately adjoining the yards to the south, were burned, together with twenty-one freight cars and the valuable Pinstch gas plant. Carelessness on the part of an engineer of an Omaha switch engine, who neglected to close the damper of his engine while passing the yards, is supposed to have been the cause of the fire. A spark from the engine is thought to have fallen among the piles of lumber, which, dried by long weeks of drought, made excellent fuel for the flames.

The Star elevator took fire in several places, but was saved. Numerous fires were also started in different parts of the city, but in every case they were extinguished in short order. The principal losers are as follows:

Shevlin Carpenter Lumber Company, loss on lumber in yards, \$300,000-fully insured; Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad, loss in round-house, \$75.000; gas plants, \$150,000; twenty-one freight cars, \$12,000. of lumber piles, containing about 25,000,-

THE COMING GEORGIA PLATFORM An Effort to be Made to Make Mr. Cleveland Appear as a Silverite,

ATLANTA, July 29 .- The Democratic State Convention will meet in this city on August 2d. As the nomination for Governor will go to the Hon. W. Y. Atkinson by acclamation, the sole interest centres in the olatform to be adopted. Friends of the administration are anxious to make it a sweeping endorsement of Girover Cleveland. A month ago it was the purpose of Hoke Smith's supporters to force through an endorsement of Mr. Cleveland's opposition to silver. The defeat of the administration on that line by Colonel Livingston in the Capital City has forced a change of front, and now through double-leaded editorial articles and inspired Washington dispatches Mr. on August 2d. As the nomination for has forced a change of front, and now through double-leaded editorial articles and inspired Washington dispatches Mr. Cleveland is being held up as a better friend to silver than even Senator Stewart. Yesterday Hoke Smith's newspaper announced under a six-line head that Air. Cleveland is running off a silver coinage of one million dollars a month "for the present, after which it will be increased." This dispatch is backed up by an inspired editorial article from which Hoke Smith's peculiarities stick out. John I. Hall, who is paid for being Assistant United States Attorney-General, is working hard here, and the effort will be made in the platform to present Mr. Cleveland as a man whose heart is aching for the coinage of more silver.

JUDICIAL TANGLE IN TEXAS. The Sheriff Looking for Authority to Hang

a Murderer. DALLAS, TEX., July 30 .- Judge Gray has granted a writ of habeas corpus restraining the sheriff from hanging on straining the sheriff from hanging on Friday next Franklin N. Miller, who killed Policeman Riadle about three years ago. The case is the most remarkable example of judicial tangle ever known in Texas. While Miller's case was going through appeals before the higher courts of Texas and the Supreme Court of the United States, the State Legislature remodeled the judiciary of Dallas county, establishing three courts, where one had existed when Miller was tried. All kinds of complications have grown out of this, and now no one knows which court has jurisdiction to sentence Miller. Judige Clint finally passed sentence, and the defence contested his jurisdiction and secured the restrating of the sheriff under habeas corpus.

The case may have to be fought

restraining of the sherm corpers.

The case may have to be fought through all the courts again, and the Legislature next winter may have to pass a special act conferring jurisdiction on some court to pass sentente on Miller. In the meantime, the State's attorney will try to find a way to have Miller hanged next Friday, or as early thereafter as possible. Governor Hogg has refused executive elemency.

MARRIED TO A YISCOUNT.

Another American Woman Secures a Titled Husband.

NEW YORK, July 28 .- The wedding of Viscount Benoist d'Azy to Miss Caroline Jones, of Andubon Park, this city, was

Jones, of Andubon Park, this city, was celebrated at 10:30 this morning at the Church of St. Catherline of Genoa. One Hundred and Fifty-third street, near Amsterdam avenue. The ceremonies attending the wedding were very brief, only low mass being celebrated.

The relatives of the contracting parties present numbered scarcely a dozen persons. The bride entered leaning on the arm of her brother, Mr. Scammon Jones, to the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march. They were met at the chancel by the bridegroom. The chancel was prettily decorated with potted palms and other plants. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the residence of the bride's parents at Audubon Park. This afternoon the newly-married couple will start for the Adtrondacks, where they will spend a couple of weeks before leaving for their future home in Paris.

Josie Mansfleld a Model.

Josie Mansfield a Model.

WASHNGTON, D. C., July 29.—The Treasury Department has received from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing the first instalment of the new \$1,000 silver certificates, and has begun paying them out. The new certificate is a very handsome note. In the right corner is the vignette of Secretary Marcy, and on the left is the face and bow of an unnamed but attractive female. Treasury gossip says the artist's ideal as a taken from a photograph of "Josie" M. ogfield.

"M" stands for one thousand, for Marcy, and likewise for Mansfield.

Pawnee Bill's Show Seized. ANTWERTP, July 30.—Pawnee Bill's Wild West show, which has been here since the exhibition opened, was selzed to-day for debt. The cowboys wer watching for the balliffs, and fled when the first officer appeared. Most of the took the first train that would carry them over the frontier.

DEADLOCK UNBROKEN.

TARIFF CONFEREES ADJOURN SUB. JECT TO CALL OF CHAIRMAN.

Senate and House Conferees as Far Apart as Ever on Coal, Iron Ore and Sugar.

House Democrats Determined.

WASHINGTON, July 30.-The President and Secretary Carlisle had an extended conference after 4 o'clock this afternoon, presumably on the tariff situation.

The Democratic conferces on the tariff this forenoon, but failed to reach an agreement on the three items of coal, iron ore The House conferees maintained their

previous position of standing by the House bill and the Senate members were equally firm in their attitude of loyaly to the Senate.

At 1 o'clock the Democratic and Republican conferees met and the situation was announced to the full committee. The conferees then adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

VOORHEES AND VEST ARSENT.

Messrs. Voorhees and Vest were not present. Mr. Voorhees is contined to his bed and the impression prevails that his condition is worse than has been publicly acknowledge. Mr. Vest was at the Capitol, but remained in his committee-room. He has erysipelas and his face is painted up with todine, so he remained away from the conference, subject to call if his presence there was needed.

When Mr. Harris made the statement that the Democrats were unable to agree and they would consider the matter further, Mr. Allison, speaking for the Replicans, said that he hoped the Democrats would get together and agree upon something as soon as possible, as the country was anxiously awaiting final action, and that such action should be had.

In anticipation of some such result as has happened, Mr. Springer had circulated a call for a caucus of the House Democrats to meet Tuesday, but this afternoon the date for the caucus was changed to Thursday.

None of the House conferees signed the call for this caucus, and they are disposed to regard it as a reflection upon them. This proposed caucus was not however, touched upon at the tariff conference this morning.

HOUSE DEMOCRATS DETERMINED.

conference this morning.

HOUSE DEMOCRATS DETRIBMINED.

It is apparent, even to a casual observer, that the House Democrats have determined not to accept the Senate bill without some concession. Three of the four House conferees, Messrs. Wilson, Montsomery and Turner, are willing to remain in session until the 6th of next March rather than to surrender to the Senate. Mr. McMillan, the remaining member of the House Committee, is more liberal, and is willing to meet the Senate conferees in a more conciliatory spirit. The House conferees know, however, that their position has the endorsement of the Precident and Speaker Crisp, as well as that of a majority of the leading members of the party on the floor, and this is great encouragement to them. Last week there was considerable talk of a recession on the part of the House, and the acceptance of the Senate bill as being better than no bill. These sentiments were expressed again in the House to-day, but not to the same extent as formerly, while it was significant that those who insisted upon the House bill were more determined than ever. Notwithstanding the apparent hopelessness of the deadlock, there are plenty of members in both houses who predict that a tariff bill will be agreed upon and passed. They are not, however, willing to be quoted as to how it is to be done.

PROCREDINGS OF THE CONVENTION.

PROCEEDINOS OF THE CONVENTION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—The Democratic conferees on the tariff bill dicussed the situation this morning for more than an hour, but when they adjourned, pending arrival of their Republican colleagues, at 1 o'clock, they were as far apart as ever on the main Items over which the deadlock between the two houses resulted. The whole situation was considered in a very frank manner, and there appeared to be no resentment over the debate in the Senate last week. Neither side was willing to give in on three items—of coal, iron ore, and sugar— PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION.

accomplished.

The full conference committee on the tariff met shortly after 1 o'clock, and on suggestion of Mr. Wilson it was decided to adjourn to meet at the call of the chairman, the statement being made that the Democrats were unable to agree among themselves as yet, and further conference of the full committee would avail nothing.

MAY CONFISCATE THE WHISKY, Report that a Baltimore Distillery is in Trouble with the Government,

BALTIMORES, MD., July 29 .- Four thou-

BALTIMOTE. MD., July 23.—Four thousand barrels of whisky may be confiscated by the Federal Government as the result of an attempt to avoid the payment of \$1,000 or \$2,000 taxes, it is reported here.

It is alleged that a local distilling firm made application a few days ago for release from a Government warehouse of 4,000 barrels of whisky. The sample barrels which the gauger tried showed only a fraction above proof, and he became suspicious. Other barrels were found to vary far from the samples, and always with a much higher showing.

The gauger, becoming satisfied that the sample barrels had been "doctored" to avoid the payment of the higher tax, reported the case to Collector of Internal Revenue Vandiver, and he, it is stated, laid the case before Secretary Carlisle. If the Secretary orders the collector to exact the highest penalty fixed by the revenue laws for violation, it is asserted one of the largest distilleries in Baltimore will be closed, its product now in bond confiscated and sold by the Government, and the owner or owners rendered liable to fine or imprisonment.

LOS ANGELES SHAKEN UP.

LOS ANGELES SHAKEN UP.

Sharp Shocks of Earthquake Feit in South.

Sharp Shocks of Earthquake Feit in Southern California.

LOS ANGELES, CAL, July 30.—This city was shaken by an earthquake last night at 9:11 o'clock. The direction was from the northwest to southwest, though most of the movement was more of an upheaving than of an undulatory character. It was a sharp shock but did not do much damage. At Santa Monica and San Pedro a tidal wave was looked for, but no indication of one was noticed. At 10 o'clock there was three distinct shocks, the most severe ever felt in that region, but no special damage is reported.

A peculiar feature of the shock at that place, however, was that immediately after the vibrations ceased a large meteor, similar to one which attracted attention Friday night here, was seen to fall to the north. It appeared like an immense hall of fire rapidly moving from the zenith to the north.

A COMMA SAVED HIS LIFE.

Jones was to be Hanged, but There was a Flaw in the Judge's Charge.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., July 29.—Jesse H. Jones, nineteen years old, owes his escape from the gallows to the use of a comma in the Judge's charge. Jones was charged with the murder of two brothers named Hibdon, with whom he travelled through Arkansas. They camped one night in an unoccupied house. The next morning the charred bones of the Hibdons were found. Jones trial was hurried forward, and on April 9th he was sentenced to death. A stay was secured pending an appeal.

The opinion of the Supreme Court came in yesterday. It is pointed out that by the misplacement of a comma in the judge's charge the judge appears to have made an error.

Bomb Exploded in a Negro's House. Bomb Exploded in a Negro's House.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 30.—An unknown party made a desperate, but unsuccessful, attempt to murder Louis Penn and his whole family at Gallatin at an early hour yesterday morning, by placing a bomb in the window of the sleeping room and exploding it. Penn and his wife were badly cut about the face and body by the flying glass, but the children and a woman who was visiting the famFLEW THE ERIFISH FLAG

In nine years, and has been home only three weeks, whereas his leave was for sixty days.

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In nine years, and has been home only three weeks, whereas his leave was for sixty days.

FROM IN THE TRANSPORT SUNE BY JAPANESE

CRUISER WAS CHARTERED.

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The Chinese Claim that the Japanese UL. terry Discovered the Laws of Civilized

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Exacted Political Assessments.

Exacted Political Assessments,

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30.—The case of ex-Congressman Shelley, of Alabama, who is charged with exacting political assessments of Government employes in this city, will soon be presented to Attorney-General Olivey for prosecution. Complaint of Mr. Shelley's action in levying assessments was made several weeks ago to the Civil Service Commission. The first two full sessions of the commission for several weeks was held Saturday and to-day, and the matter was taken up by the members at both meetings. It was decided to push the prosecution, and the commissioners will probably appear before the Attorney-General within two or three days to make official complaint and request his cooperation. The extreme penalty is imprisonment for three years or a fine of \$5,000, or both.

Payment of Railway Companies.

Payment of Railway Companies.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The receivers of the Georgia Pacific Railroad Company announce that the coupons from the 5 per cent. equivalent bonds of the company due August 1st will be paid on that date at the Central Trust Company.

The Southern Railroad Company announces that the coupons from the first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds of the Washington, Ohio and Western Railroad Company due August 1st, will be paid on that date at the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co.; also, at the same time and place the coupons due July 1st on the consolidated mortgage 6 per cent, honds of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, with interest thereon to August 1st.

THE SUGAR COMMITTEE.

It Spends Another Day Trying to Make a Witness Testify... He Refuses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30 .- The fugar Investigating Committee spent Its session to-day in trying to make another session to-day in trying to make another recalcitrant witness answer questions. Mr. Seymour, senior partner of the New York stock broking firm of Seymour Brothers & Young, was the gentleman in question. He had previously declined to tell the committee whether any senators had invested in sugar stock through his firm, and was given time to consult counsel. He appeared to-day with Treadway Cleveland, of New York, as his attorney, and on the latter's afvice persisted in his refusal. It is probable that his name will be presented to the Vice-President for certification to the District Attorney for prosscution under the criminal statute covering such cases.

Storm in New Hampshire.

MANCHESTER, N. H., July 20,—From 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon until this morning this city was entirely cut off from the outside world by telestraph and telephone, the result of the most disastrous storm that has visited this section in years. At Lake Massabesic, four miles from the city, the storm was occompanied by a cyclone, which wrecked buildings, blew down large trees, and destroyed much valuable property. As far as learned, no lives were lost, although several persons were severely injured.

Whiteway Adherents Unseated,
ST. JOHN'S, N. F., July 20.—Messrs.
Emerson and McGrath, representing Piacentia in the Legislature were unseated and disqualified by the court today. Emerson was Speaker of the Legislature. This is the legit time in the history of a British colony that a Speaker of a legislative body has been removed for such a cause. The charges include the unauthorized expenditure of public moneys, with the connivance of the legislative council, the carriage of voters to the booths so that they could vote for their side, and the treating of voters.

Major Searles Killed,

Train Wreckers in Alabama.

Train Wreckers in Alabama.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—A special from Chattanooga, Tenn., says: Last right unknown persons wrecked the fast mail and express train on the Alabama Great Southern railroad, which left this city at 8 o'clock. The wreck occurred at Trenton, Ga., where the switch was opened. The engine, express and mail cars were thrown down an embankment and demoilshed. The passenger conches were derailed, but no passenger swere hurt. Express Messenger Stewart and a colored porter were seriously, but not fatally injured.

The Florida Appointments Made.

The Florida Appointments Made,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30.—The
President to-day sent to the Senate the
following nominations:
J. Emmett Woolle, Florida, to be atterney for the Northern district of
Florida; Owen J. H. Summers, Florida,
to be attorney for the Southern district
of Florida; James McKay, Florida, to be
marshal for the Southern district of
Florida;

WASHINGTON, July 39.—A bill re-lating to the International Exposition of the cotton States, to be held in Atlanta, Ga., in 1866, was introduced in the Sen-ate to-day by General Gordon. It pro-vides for the admission of foreign ex-hibits to the United States free of duty, and for the preparation of medals for competitors at the United States mint.

Engineer, Fireman and a Tramp Killed. Engineer, Fireman and a Tramp Killed.
CINCINNATI, July 30.—The Royal Blue.
Flyer of the Baltimore and Onlo Southwestern from St. Louis struck a freight
train two miles west of Aurora, Ind.,
thirty miles out of Cincinnati, at 5
o'clock this afternoon. The engineer and
fireman of the passenger train were killed. A tramp was also killed. The passengers were unhurt.

Nominations Confirmed,

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The Senate has confirmed the following nominations: Charles De Kay, of New York, to be Consul-General at Berlin, Germany; William H. King, associate justice Supreme Court of Utah; O. J. H. Summers, United States Attorney for the Southern district, and J. Emmett Wolf, for the Northern district of Florida.

Twenty-five Hundred Men Go to Work, CHICAGO, ILL., July 39.—Twenty-five hundred men went to work at the Illinois Steel Company's plant to-day. The works had been closed down since the railroad strike began. One thousand more workmen will be given employment by the company before the end of the week.

Crisp Cannot Go to Georgia.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 36.—Speaker Crisp, in response to a telegram request-ing him to go to Georgia to address the Democratic State Convention, has sent a telegram stating that it will be im-possible for him to attend the conven-tion, as he is needed in the House hourly.

The Indiana Militia Leave. HAMMOND, IND., July 30.—The last of the Indiana militia left the city to-day, and the protection of the railroad property is now in the hands of the local police authorities. Twenty-five special police were sworn in for amergency duty on call.

terly Distegarded the Laws of Civilized Warfare_Many Soldiers Perish.

PEKING, July 30.-The following is the Chinese official version of the engasement which recently took place between the Chinese and Japanese fleets: The collision between Japanese and Chinese ships occurred in Prince Jerome situated. The Japanese attacked the Chinese vessels, which were escorting the second and smaller division of troops dispatched from Taku to rein-

troops dispatched from Taku to reinforce the Chinese army at Ashan.

The Japanese opened fire, the Chinese having strict orders not to fire unless attacked, or if the landing of the Chinese troops was opposed. The result of the allion was that one Japanese iron-clad was disabled by the Chinese battleship Chen Yu En.

The Kowshung, which was sunk by the Japanese, was a chartered transport. the Rowshing, which was sunk by the Japanese, was a chartered transport flying the British flag. No news has been received here of the loss of the Chinese warship Tsao Kiang, said to have been captured by the Japanese. The Chinese and Japanese Ministers remain at their posts.

LAWS OF CIVIL WARFARE DISREGARDED.

LAWS OF CIVIL WARFARE DISREGARDED.

SHANGHAI, July 32.—The following additional details of the sinking of the kowshung have been received here:
According to the reports received here two German passengers, who were on their way to Corea in order to settle up business affairs before the war broke out in earnest, jumped overboard when the transport began to sink, and succeeded in swimming to the Japanese cruiser. But, in spite of their appeals to be taken on board and their announcement that they were non-combatants, they were shot by Japanese marines.

A number of Chinese who swam to the cruisers shared the same fate. The Japanese absolutely refused to give quarter. The transport sank near Shoholnt Island, for which place Captain Galsworthy was steering, intending to beach her, under the fire of the cruiser, when the fatal torpedo discharged.

A French warship, the Lien, attracted to the spot by the sound of the firing, steamed up as the transport sank, and succeeded in rescuing some of the Chinese sobliers, but all the foreigners are reported to have been killed on board the Kowshung or drowned when she sank. The Japanese, according to this report, is said to have behaved with an utter disregard to the laws of civilized warfare.

A LARGE CHINGSE ARMY.

A LARGE CHINESE ARMY.

Reports that a large Chinese army has crossed the northwestern frontier of Corea and is marching down the Peninsula are confirmed.

A second army is hastily equipping to follow the first.

No details have been received of the battle said to have taken place at Ashan between the Chinese and Japanese. It is reported that several Chinese steamers have been captured and a number of others destroyed at Taku by Japanese cruisers.

CHINA INCREASING HER NAVY. LONDON, July 30.—London merchants having dealings with the Chinese during the last forty years have offered to sed to China several torpedo boats and a number of fast sailing English steamers. They have also offered China nearly a thousand guns of all sizes and styles and a lot of four hundred Manlichers ritles, with a large amount of cartridges. When these offers were first made the Chinese Government took no notice of it, but to-day several of these firms have received communications from China saying that rapid delivery will be the condition of the sale. The quotations of Chinese and Japanese securities and exchange do not show even a fractional difference from their normal figures. The second officer of the Lowshung, sunk by a Japanese cruiser near Shohoint Island. Corea, was the eldest son of an Essex clergyman, who lost his youngest son in the fire at the Exeter Theatre.

Essex clergyman, who lost his you son in the fire at the Exeter Theatre.

SURVIVORS OF KOWSHUNG.

The Japanese War-Ship Drove Her Into Shallow Water-No Officers Saved SHANGHAL July 20 .- It is understood

SHANGHAI, July 20.—It is understood that China will not formally declare war until the vessels and ammunition which she has ordered abroad shall have been got safely into Chinese ports. The transports Mee Foo and Tooman, which the Chinese feared had been captured, have arrived at Chee Foo. Sixty torpedoes were sent up the Kian Gyn channel of the Yang Tse Kiang. The forty-one survivors of the Kowshung disaster, who were picked up and landed at Che Foo by the gamboat Lien, tell a story differing in a few details from previous accounts of the Kowshung end. When the Japanese began the attack, they say, the Kowshung bore away for safety. The Japanese warship drove her into a bay so shallow that the Chinese captain howe-to rather than run the risk of running aground. Several Japanese officers then came abroad to say that they had orders to sink the ship and to offer to take off the Chinese officers and crew. The Chinese captain declined the offer. The Japanese repeated it, but the captain persisted in his refusal even to consider it. The Japanese left the ship, which went down but a few moments of the survivors, who are almost exclusively cooles, confirm the report that not an officer was saved.

The singing of the Row Shing, hat Chica will not formally declare war

THE SINEING OF THE ROW SHING,
SHANOHAI, July 39.—Following is the latest Chinese version of the sinking of the troop ship Kow Shing. When the Kow Shing was overhauled by the Japanese crusier the latter sent a boat along-side the transport with a prize crew to convey her to Japan. The Japanese boarded the Kow Shing and ordered her Commander, Captain Galsworthy, an Englishman, to proceed to Japan. Captain Galsworthy refused to obey the order, and the Japanese withdrew to report to the commander of their cruiser. The latter then opened fire upon the transport, using machine guns mounted in the top of the Japanese ship. This fire was so well directed that it soon cleared the Kow Shing's deeks. The cruiser then discharged two torpedoes at the transport, shiking her, and drowning nearly all of about two thousand souls on board.

Colonel Von Hannekin, a German, for-THE SINEING OF THE HOW SHING,

board.
Colonel Von Hannekin, a German, for-merly Viceroy's Aide De Camp, and a number of other foreign officers were among those killed by the fire from the tops of the cruiser before the torpedoes were discharged.

"ENGLAND WANTS MORE NEWS.

LONDON, July 30.—The absence of official news from Great Britain representatives in Peking and Tokto has caused much complaint in the House of Commons. The Foreign Office therefore felegraphed orders this afternoon to British Consuis and Ministers in China and Japan that they must send more comprehensive dispatches and not permit the Chinese or Japanese officials to delay the forwarding of the same. URGING PEACE.

LONDON, July 39.—81 H. McCartney, secretary of the Chinese legation, made a long call at the Foreign office to-day He still urges negotiations for peace. The death of Captain Von Hannesf, who went down with the Kowshung, is deeply regretted here. He was a celebrated artillery officer and engineer. He directed the construction of the fort works at Port Arthur. Last year he came to Europe to arrange for the building of steam coiliers for the Chinese Government.

The statement made on behalf of the Chinese Government that the Kowshung was sailing under the British fing and was chartered to carry troops to Corea presents the possibility of international complications. War had not been formally declared, and consequently a cargo of soldiers were not contraband.

Minister to China Must betturn.

MINISTER TO CHINA MUST RETURN.

MINISTER TO CHINA MUST RETURN.
WASHINGTON, July 30.—In view of
the threatening state of affairs between
China and Japan, the State Department
has intimated to Charles Denby. United
States minister to Cana, now in Michigan,
that he had better return to his
post. Though necessary, this is rather
hard upon the minister, who has taken a
leave from his duties for the first time BERLIN July 30.—The report of the death of Cardinal Ledochowski is an error. He is in Berlin busy telegraphing his friends that he is still in the land of the living. He does not know how the report that he was dead originated.

SAN PRANCISCO, July 30.—The Call says this morning:
English vessels now in port unable to secure charters, will be loaded with flour at the owner's risk, and sent to China. An order has been placed with a canning company for 15,000 tons of canned beef for the same market. The Rio Janerio, which safled a few days ago, took out a large cargo of flour, as and the two preceding steamers. Chinese merchants admit that their country is stocking up with provisions.

WAITING TO BE PREPARED.

WAITING TO BE PREPARED.

BERLIN, July 20.—The Chinese Gov-crament has ordered the construction of four torpedo boats by German ship-build-

NOW IT'S THE CHICAGO POLICE, They are Charged with Giving Gamblers "Protection."

"Protection."

CHICAGO, July 30.—A grand jury to-day filed a report in court saying:

"We find that gambling is being carried on to fits fullest extent in Chicago, with doors wide open, and cappers and stool pigeons plying their vocation to catch the unwary, for the purpose of fleecing any victim who happens to fall into their hands, and that the heads of the Police Department of this city are giving the places mentioned ample protection from arrest and prosecution."

A list of places at which it is alleged that gambling is being carried on is appended. The jury gives as a reason for not returning indictments against the proprietors of these places that the Assistant State's Attorney informed them that it would be impossible to secure convictions.

The Assistant State's Attorney deniess having made this statement. He says the merely told the tury that it would be

A Texas College Burned,

DALLAS, TEXAS, July 20.—Mayo College, the leading educational institution of Northeast Texas, at Cooper, Delta county, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, \$10,00; incendiarism.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 30.—Judge Button refused to continue the temporary restraining order issued by Judge Traft against the Louisville and Nashville at the instance of Cincinnati shippers enjoining the road from the disobedience to the interstate commerce law.

The Restraining Order Dissolved.

The Vigilant Did Not Race, FALMOUTH, July 39.—The Vigilant did not race to-day. Her bobstay was wrenched and weakened in the preceding race, and it is necessary to get a new

Middlesex Richmonders Present, GLOUCESTER COURTHOUSE, July 28. Special.—The Rappabannock Association closed its lifty-second session last evening with Harmony Grove church, in Middle-sex county, after a three days' meeting. This is a very larse body of Paptists, containing 7,500 or more of white members. Its territory en braces five counties in the Northern Neck, and five southwest of the Rappahannock river. The crowd attending it was immense, perhaps 2,000 or more, and the best of order was observed.

Hom A. B. Evans was re-elected moderator, and Elder F. B. Beale clerk, Drs. A. E. Dickinson, of the Religious Herald, and W. D. Thomas, of Richmond College, and Mr. William Ellyson, of your city, were present, and many others from a distance. Nearly all the churches were represented.

The reports indicated a goodly degree of progress in contributions and interest in church work. GLOUCESTER COURTHOUSE, July 28.

The reports indicated a goodly degree of progress in contributions and interest in church work. The hospitality of the good people was unbounded, and every-hody seemed pleased.

The object of this organization is to promote every Christian Interest, such as missions—State, home and foreign, the circulation of Bibles and religious literature, the cause of education and temperance, preparing young men for the work of the ministry, establishing Sunday schools, and helping weak churches, &c. It has no power to make laws, and can act only as an advisory board.

Richmond preachers are very popular in Gloucester, and every year our people have the pleasure of listening to their stirring sermons. During the coming week Dr. Landrum will assist the pastor of Union church, and Elder Jolly, the pastor of Petsworth.

SEVERE STORM IN PAGE,

Barn Struck by Lightning and Destroyed-

Barn Struck by Lightning and Destroyed—An Eloping Couple.

LURAY, VA., July 20.—Special.—Quite a severe storm passed over some sections of this county yesterday afternoon, and at one or more points there was a heavy rainfall and some hall. The barn and grainery on the farm of Samuel Campbell (colored), near Marksville, was struck by lightning and destroyed by fire; 120 bushels of wheat, 40 bushels of rye, a large quantity of straw were also burned. The loss is about \$400, with no insurance, and falls right heavily upon Campbell, who is an industrious and deserving man, but now advanced in years.

**LOPERS INTERCEPTED.

RLOPERS INTERCEPTED. A gentleman and lady, passengers on the north-bound vestibule train passing here about midnight Saturday night, were intercepted as a runaway couple, and taken back home. The parties are said to have been from Buena Vista.

STORM IN MADISON. Steeple of the Presbyterian (burch Blown

Down-House Uncoofed.

MADISON COURTHOUSE, VA., July 30.—Special.—A fearful wind and rain storm passed over this place yesterday, doing immense damage to buildings, fences, crops, &c. The steeple on the Presbyterian church was blown down, and the roof of Mr. T. C. Taylor's dwelling-house completely wrecked. Trees were blown across the streets in every direction, and the village presents a sad plight, indeed. I have not heard from the surrounding country, nor do I know how far the storm extended.

The great tabernacle meeting closed today, and an immense crowd was present, variously estimated at from five to seven thousand. Mr. Needham has done a great work here. He is a grand preacher, and will be warmly welcomed to Madison whenever he may find it convenient to visit this people.

I. B. McAlaster died of paralysis to-day at his home near Cuylersville.

Funeral of Miss Bratton.

MILLBORO, VA., July 20.—Special.—
The funeral of Miss Susie Bratton, who died yesterday at 11 A. M., took place at the home of her father, A. S. Bratton, three miles from this place, this evening at 4 o'clock. Miss Bratton was eighten years old, sweet and pretty, and admired by all. Everybody that could went to the funeral.

Laid Down by His Chief, and that No

Catholic can Refuse to Accept, NEW YORK, July 30.-The World to-

morrow will say: Archbishop Corrigan has written a very important letter to the ed tor of the Wine and Spirit Gazette, in which he makes an authoritative statement with regard to the decision of Mgr. Satolli

affecting Roman Catholic liquer dealers. The Archbishop's letter was called forth by an editorial recently published in the Gazette, which says of Mgr. Satolli's decision:

CHICAGO, July 30—A grand jury today filed a report in court saying:

"We find that gambling is belog carried
on to its fullest extent in Chicaso, with
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Sults to be Instituted Against the City of Chicago by the Rattroads. CHICAGO, ILL., July 30 .- Notices were

served to-day by Samuel B. Poster, attorney in fact for several railroads, of damages claimed against the city of Chicago and the county of Cook, for loss of property during the American Railway Union strike. The notices were served on the Mayor, City Clerk, the Corporation Councel, the City Attorney, and on the president of the County Board, the county clerk, and the county attorney. The aggregate damages claimed are \$38,679. This represents only about one-tenth of the actual damage claimed, many roads having several days left in which to file their claims.

The roads which filed claims to-day with the amount of damages are Lake Erie and Western, \$10,19, betroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee, \$250; Chicago and Northwestern, \$410; Chicago Refrigerating Line, \$1,191; N. Y. C. & Hudson River Railway Company, \$345; Monon, \$390; Filmt and Plerre Marquette, \$75; Chicago and Erie, \$190; Swift Refrigerator Line, served to-day by Samuel B. Poster, at-1 WO THOUSAND OR MORE BAPTISTS

Railway Company, \$345; Monon, \$339; Filin and Pierre Marquette, \$75; Chicago and Erie, \$160; Swift Refrigerator Line, \$390; Armour Refrigerator Line, \$100; Central Car Trust Company, of New York, \$500; Chicago and Grand Trunk, \$12,150; Grand Trunk Railroad, \$70,785, and Grand Trunk Company, of Canada, \$5,235. Besides these claims to shipers filled through Mr. Foster, other claims amounting to at least \$200,000. This was done by the shippers on the express declaration of the rairoad that they will pay no claims whatever made against them by shippers for damages to freight handled during the sirike.

The General Managers' Association takes the ground that the city and county, in not furnishing adequate protection to the railroads, are directly responsible for all damages to the freight. The damages claimed by the railroads in the above list are mostly for ears burned after July Ist. It is believed many more suits will be filed by shippers who lost heavily on perishable freight during the strike.

STRIKERS APPLY FOR WORK. STREERS APPLY FOR WORK.

GLADSTONE, MICH., July 36.—The strike in which four hundred men were involved practically came to an end this morning, when a majority of the men applied for work and signed contracts with the railroad companies and renounced their membership in the American Railway Union. All shipments have been resumed.

JUNIOR ORDER OF MECHANICS.

Mr. Walter E. Orange, of Richmond, Elect. ed National Organizer, PITTSBURG, July 3).—The national offi-cers of the Junior Order of United Americers of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics are in session in this city for the purpose of electing a national organizer and transacting other business. Walter E. Orange, of Richmond, Va., was elected national organizer, defeating Stephen Collins, of this city, who has been national organizer for two years, and was a candidate for re-election. The body will take action on Congressman Stone's immigration bill, and will suggest plans to aid its passage through the Senate.

Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill, Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30.—The
sundry civil appropriation bill for the
fiscal year 1856, reported to the Senate today from the Committee on Appropriations, aggregates \$55,951,888, being an increase of \$2,588,291 over the bill as it
passed the House, and \$26,83 over the
eatimates on which it was based.
One of the principal items of this increase is \$200,090 for the Government exhibit at the Cotton States and International Exposition at Atlanta.

American Horses Entered.

LONDON, July 20.—The entries for next year's Derby show fourteen American horses, of which two are from the Lorillard stables and five from the Konn challes. August Belmont has these Keene stables. August Beimont has three entries, Foxhall Keene two, and Colonel O. H. Payne two. Two of the Keene sta-ble entries were bred in the United States. Both the Payne and Belmont entries in-clude sons of Iroquois.

The Tenants Bill, LONDON, July 30.—Sir William Har-court. Chancellor of the Exchequer, an-nounced in the House of Commons this evening that the Government would clo-sure the committee stage of the evicted tenants bill on August 7th.

TRAVEMUNDE, GERMANY, July 30.— A stocker of a steamership which has arrived here from St. Petersburg, died to-day of cholera.

WEATHER FORECAST. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30.—For Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina: Local rains, variable winds.

RANGE OF THERMOMETER

Following was the range of the ther-mometer at The Times office yesterday p A. M. SS; 12 M. SS; S P. M. 90; P. M. S6; 9 P. M., 80; midnight, 78 Ayerage, 80.